Centenary Celebrated Sharnabasaveshwar Vidya Vardhak Sangha,s

## SHARANABASVESHWAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE

(Affiliated to Gulbarga University, Diamond Jubilee Celebrated \& ISO Certified ) Vidya Nagar, Kalaburagi-585103, Email Id:sbcscg@gmail.com

## Under IQAC Initiative <br> Department of Mathematics organizes

ONE DAY NATIONAL WEBINAR
On
"Recent Advances in Mathematics"
With the Divine Blessings of Poojya Dr.Sharnbaswappa Appaji

Mahadasoha Peetadipathi,Sharanabasveshawara Samasthana President, Sharanabasveshwara Vidhya Vardhak Sanga

Chancellor, Sharnbasva University, kalaburagi In the August presence of
Sri. Basawaraj S. Deshmukh
Secretary, Sharnabasaveshwar Vidhya Vardhak Sangha, Kalaburagi
Session -I
Dr. N.B. Naduvinamani
Professor, Department of Mathematics, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi

## Session-II

Dr.Sunilkumar M. Hosamani
Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics
Rani Channamma University, Belagavi
President
Dr. S. G. Dollegoudar Patil
Principal, Sharanabasaveshwara College of Science, Kalaburagi
Date: 11 June, 2020.
Time: 11.00 A. M.
Join through link:
Meeting ID: Password:

## Reg. Link :

Note: E-Certificate Will be issued to all Registered and Active participants after the Submission of Feedback Form ( Feedback link will be sent through respective E-mail id)

Dr. T. V. Biradar Dr.Omprakash S. Dr. T. V. Biradar Dr. S G Dollegoudar Patil
Organizing Secretary

IQAC Co-ordinator

Academic Activities Co-ordinator
**All Are Cordially Invited**

禺迫
Centenary Celebrated Sharanabasaveshwar Vidhya Vardhak Sangha's

## SHARANABASAVESHWAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE

(Affillated to Gulbarga University, Diamond Jubilee Celebrated and ISO Certified) Vidya Nagar, Kalaburagi-585103, Email Id:sccscg@gmail.com

Under the IQAC Initiative
Dept. of Mathematics
Organizes
One Day National Webinar on "Recent Advances in Mathematics"

| In the August Presence of <br> Sri. Basawaraj S. Deshmukh <br> Secretary <br> Sharanabasaveshwar <br> Vidhya Vardhak Sangha <br> Kalaburagi | Session 1: Topic: <br> Indeterminate Equations and Their Solution. <br> Dr. N.B. Naduvinamani Professor Dept. of Mathematics, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi | Session 2: <br> Topic: A Method for Developing a New Parameter in Chemical Graph Theory. <br> Resource Person <br> Dr.Sunilkumar Hosamani Assistant Prof. Dept, of Mathematics <br> Rani Channamma University, Belagavi- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Organising Secretary <br> Dn. T. U. Binadan. <br> Assistant. Professor, Dept, of Mathematics <br> Sharanabasaveshwar College of <br> Science, Kalaburagi, | Registration Link: <br> hitpsi//docs.cooogle.comfformsid/1BX <br> SzPWHUOBdGGNNo6OegRbMOfx3hN <br>  | Principal <br> Dr.SGDollegardar Patil Sharanabasaveshwar College of Science, Kalaburagi. |

# SHARANABASAVESHWAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, KALABURAGI <br> Under IQAC Initiative <br> Department of Mathematics 

Organizes a one Day Webinar on "Recent Trends in Mathematics"
Through : ZOOM APP
Date: 11-06-2020 Time: 11.00Am to 1.00 Pm

## Program Schedule:

1. Welcome of the Guests by Dr. T.V. Biradar

Head Department of Mathematcis
2. Introduction of Guests by Dr. Basavaraj Nariboli

Prof. Chemistry Department
3. Address by Honorable Secretary sir Sri. Basavaraj Deshmukh
4. Commencement of Session-I by

> Dr. N.B. Naduvinamani, Professor, Department of Mathematics, GUK

## 5. Commencement of Session-II by

> Dr. Sunilkumar Hosamani, Asst. Prof. Department of Mathematics, Rani Channamma University, Belagavi.
6. Presidential Remark by Dr. S.G. Dollegoudar, Principal Sharanabaveshwar College of Science, Kalaburagi
7. Vote of Thanks
by Dr. Ramesh K.B,
Deprtment of Chemistry


## Sharnbasveshwar



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College of Science Kalaburagi-585 103 (Karnataka)-India

Institutions Run by Centenary Celebrated
Sharnbasveshwar Vidya Vardhak Sangha, Kalaburagi
Shambasva University, Kalaburagi



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Date08 6. 2020

Dr. N. B. Naduvinamani
Professor, Department of Mathematics
Gulbarga University
Kalaburagi

## Respected Sir,

Sub:- Invitation for one day Webinar on "Recent Advances in Mathematics".

It is a matter of privilege to invite you as a Resource Person for one day Webinar on "RECENT ADVANCES IN MATHEMATICS" organized by Department of Mathematics, Sharanabasaveshwar College of Science, Kalaburagi under the Initiatives of IQAC.

Your Acceptance of our Invitation will be highly appreciated and respected.

Thanking you,

## Yours Sincerely,




Sharnbasveshwar
College of Science
Kalaburagi-585 103
(Karnataka) -India


జరణణస్తచేల్రర





2: (08472) 221941,•Fax :08472-241492,•email: sbcscg@rediffmail.com,www.sharnscience.org

Institutions Run by Centenary Celebrated
Shambasveshwar Vidya Vardhak Sangha, Kalaburag
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Dr. Sunilkumar Hosamani
Assistant Professor,
Department of Mathematics
Rani Channamma University,
Belagavi

## Respected Sir,

Sub: Invitation for one day Webinar on "Recent Advances in Mathematics".

It is a matter of privilege to invite you as a Resource Person for one day Webinar on "RECENT ADVANCES IN MATHEMATICS" organized by Department of Mathematics, Sharanabasaveshwar College of Science, Kalaburagi under the Initiatives of IQAC.

Your Acceptance of our Invitation will be highly appreciated and respected.

Thanking you,

Yours Sincerely,


Prof. N.B.Naduvinamani

Date of Birth : $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ June 1964
Qualifications : M.Sc., Ph.D. , PGDCA (Karnatak University, Dharwad
Teaching Experience: 28 Years
Positions held: Lecturer (1991-1997) ;
Senior Lecturer (1997-2002),
Reader ((2002-2005) ;
Associate Professor (2006-2008)
Professor ( 2009 onwards)
Life Member of Academic Bodies:
$>$ Life Member of Indian Science Congress
$>$ Life member of Indian Society of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics
$>$ Life Member of Swadeshi Vijnan Andolan"
$>$ Life Member of "Forum for Interdisciplinary Mathematics"
Prof. N.B.Naduvinamani has a rich administrative experience and has worked in various capacities in the University System
> Chairman, Department of Mathematics, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi since $1^{\text {st }}$ Sept. 2017.
$>$ Officer on Special Duty to Vice-Chancellor, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi since 01.09.2016
$>$ Coordinator ICT, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi since $4{ }^{\text {th }}$ April 2016.
$>$ Registrar(Evaluation), Tumkur University, Tumkur since $3^{\text {rd }}$ February 2014 to $28^{\text {th }}$ Feb. 2016.
> Member of Syndicate, Tumkur University, Tumkur
> Member of Academic Council, Tumkur University, Tumkur
$>$ Member of Finance Committee, Tumkur University, Tumkur
$>$ Coordinator, Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC), Gulbarga University, Gulbarga, during $18^{\text {th }}$ June 2013 to $3^{\text {rd }}$ February 2014.
$>$ Nodal Officer, Right To Information (RTI) Cell, Gulbarga University, Gulbarga $27^{\text {th }}$ August 2013 to $3^{\text {rd }}$ February 2014.
$>$ Special Officer, Development Branch, Gulbarga University, Gulbarga during $6^{\text {th }}$ June 2009 to $7^{\text {th }}$ December 2012.

## RESEARCH GUIDANCE:

1. M. Phil. : 09
2. Ph.D. : 18

## REVIEWER FOR THE INTERNATIONAL JOURNALS

$>$ Tribology International (Elsevier)
> Tribology Transactions ( $\boldsymbol{A S L E}$ )
$>$ Lubrication Science (John Wiley)
$>$ Engineering Applications of Computational Fluid Mechanics (China)
$>$ Applied Mathematical Modeling (Elsevier)
$>$ Applied Mathematics and Computations(Elsevier)
$>$ Recent Patents on Engineering
> Indian Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics (Springer)
> Advances in Mechanical Engineering ( Many Publishing, U.K.

## FORGIEN COUNTRIES VISITED

Visited Imperial College, London, United Kingdom during 18-21 September 2011 and presented a research paper in an International Conference on Biotribology.

## RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS:

Published 130 Research Papers in reputed Journals

## NUMBER OF CITATIONS

There are more than $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ citations of the research papers published by me in the literature with an $h$-index $=14$

## BRIEF BIODATA of Dr. Sunilkumar M.Hosamani

Dr. Sunilkumar M. Hosamani, hails from Ukumanal village of Vijayapur district, Karnataka. He completed his graduation from BLDE's S. B. Arts and K. C. P. Science College, Vijayapur in the year 2006. Then he moved to Karnatak University, Dharwad to join Master's Program in Mathematics. After, post-graduation, he earned his Ph.D for the thesis titled "On Some Advances in Theory of Graphs" under the guidance of Prof. B. Basavanagoud.

Dr. Hosamani has done tremendous work in the field of domination theory as well as in chemical graph theory, as a witness to this, he has published more than 50 research articles in reputed national and international journals(SCOPUS/Web of Science indexed journals). Recently he solved three open problems posed by Prof. V. R. Kulli and E. Sampathkumar in their articles published in the year 1998 and 1999, respectively. These problems were tried by various graph theorists but they couldn't succeed. As a result of continuous effort, Dr. Hosamani was able to solve these problems in the year 2014 and 2018 respectively and those papers have been published in the journals Bulletin Of The International Mathematical Virtual Institute and National Academy Science Letters (Springer) respectively. .

He has written two books titled "Degree Equitable Domination and Topological Indices in Graphs" and "QSPR Analysis Through Topological Indices of Molecular Graphs". These books were published by Lambert Academic Publishing, Co. Germany. In the year 2018 and 2019 respectively.

Dr. Sunilkumar M. Hosamani, currently working as a Assistant Professor of Mathematics at Rani Channama University Belagavi since $30^{\text {th }}$ Nov-2012 and he is a leading researcher in the Department of Mathematics, RCUB. Apart from academics, he has involved in various administrative assignments of the Rani Channamma University as well as member of the various statutory bodies:

1. Nodel Officer, Sevasindhu, Rani Channamma University, Belagavi
2. Member, Board of Studies, P. G. Department of Mathematics, RCU, Belagavi.
3. Member, Board of Examination, P. G. Department of Mathematics, RCU, Belagavi.
4. Executive member, Academia for Advanced Research in Mathematics, Tirupattur, Tamil Nadu.

# SHARANABASAVESHWAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, KALABURAGI <br> <br> Department of Mathematics 

 <br> <br> Department of Mathematics}

WELCOME and Introduction:
Seeking the Blessings of Lord Sharanabasaveshwar and Poojya Dr. Sharanabasawappa Appaji, President of Sharanabasaveshwar Vidhya Vardhak Sangha, Kalaburagi.

Honorable Secretary of Sharanabasaveshwar Vidhya Vardhak Sangha, Sangha , Sri. Basavaraj Deshmukh Sir, Guests Speakers of Today's Webinar Dr. N.B.Naduvinamani sir, Professor, Department of Mathematics, Gulbarga University Kalaburagi and Dr. Sunilkumar Hosamani, Asst. Professor, Department of Mathematics, Rani Channamma University, Belagavi, Respected Principal sir of Sharnbasveshwar College of Science Dr. S. G. Dollegoudar Sir, Esteemed Faculty members of the Institution, and All Participants, Good Morning to all

Aryabhata , Brahmagupta , Bhaskaracharyas , Varahamihir and Ramanujam are the Great Indian Mathematician contributed a lot in the field of Mathematics. Bhaskaracharyas (1114-1185) contribution in the field of Mathematics and Astrronomy is phenomenal, as who is from Vijayapur of North Karnataka. Mathematics also provides a means by which a high degree of precision can be maintained when describing and analyzing reality-despite the inadequacies of the measurement apparatus itself. It is for this reason that mathematics is the language of science and Engineering. Mathematics is used in all subjects, such as Physical and Social Science, Hence Mathematics has great Importance in every walk of life.

Today's First Session of this Webinar Focuses on "Indeterminent Equations and their Solutions", We are Fortunate have an Eminent Speaker and my research Guide Dr. N. B. Naduvinamani sir, Professor, Department of Mathematics, Gulbarga University Kalaburagi.

Similarly for the II Session - we have another Eminent Guest Speaker , Dr. Sunilkumar Hosamani, Asst. Professor, Department of Mathematics, Rani Channamma University, Belagavi, Sir Will Speak on the Topic " A Method for Developing a New parameter in Chemical Graph Theory.

On behalf of the Management and on behalf of the Sharanabasaveshwar College of Science Kalaburagi, I whole heartedly welcome you all to the One Day National Webinar on "Recent Advances in Mathematics" Organized Under IQAC Initiative by Department of Mathematics Welcomes you all once again.
( Now I Request our Secretary Sri. Basavaraj Deshmukh Sir to Bless this event speaking Few words.)

Address By Honorable Secretary Sir.
Sri. Basavaraj Deshmukh
Introduction of Guest Speakers
Now I request Dr. Basavaraj Nariboli sir to Introduce todays Guest Speakers

Over to Dr. Basavaraj Nariboli

## Introduction:

## Session First-I Introduction of Dr. N.B Naduvinamani Sir

Dr. N.B. Naduvinamani, Sir Born on $1^{\text {st }}$ June 1964
Sir Passed M.Sc., Ph.D., PGDCA from Karnataka University Dharwad
Sir has 29 years of Teaching Experience
Sir also worked as
Chairman: Dept. Of Mathematics, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi
Officer on Special duty to Vice Chancellor, Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi
Coordinator for ICT, IQAC Gulbarga University, Kalaburagi
Nodal Officer and Special Officer, Development Branch
Registrar (Evaluation) Tumkur University, Tumkur.
Member Syndicate, Academic Council, Finance Committee Tumkur Uninversity
Sir Guided : 09 M. Phil., 18 PH.D. and Published 130 Papers in Reputed Journals
Sir is Reviewer for the 09 Reputed International Journals
Sir is Life Member of Academic Bodies Like
India Science Congress
Indian Society of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics
Swadeshi Vignan Andolan and
Forum of Interdisciplinary Mathematics
Sir Visited Imperical College LONDON, United Kingdom

## Introduction to Speaker of II Session

## Dr.Sunilkumar Hosmani sir

Completed UG from BLDE College of Science Vijaypura, PG and Ph.D. from Karnataka University, Dharwad

Sir has Published more than 50 Research Articles in Reputed International Journals

Sir has solved three open problem posed by Prof. V.R Kulli and E.Smapthkumar

Sir has Written Two Books on Graph theory
Sir also Worked as
Nodal Officer, Sevasindhu Rani chennamma Univ. Belagavi
Member BOS and BOE PG Dept of Mathematics RCU, Belagavi
Executive Member, Academia for Advanced Research in Mathematics
Tirupattur, Tamilnadu.

# Indeterminate Equations/ Diophantine Equations Analytical Approach for the Solution 

Prof. N.B.Naduvinamani
Department of Mathematics
Gulbarga University
Kalaburagi-585 106

## Introduction

- There are many constraints in a single astronomical problem. To arrive at a solution various Mathematician of different eras have approached in diverse ways to solve the problems in the ways discovered by them.
> There would have been much more advancement in this field if one would have taken up the previous Mathematicians work and advance further on it.
> Indeterminate equation or Diophantine equation is a polynomial equation with two or more unknowns and usually the integer or sometimes natural or whole number.
> The existence of Diophantine goes back to 200AD in Alexandria Egypt by Diophantus (200AD - 284AD) in his work Arithmetica.
> The main purpose of any Diophantine equation is to solve all the unknown present in that equation, however he used to consider all the unknown to be one term to solve the problem.
> Many problems which exists in today's modern Mathematics are addressed in Arithmetica of Diophantus.
> One more thing which can be noted from his work is he never gave two solutions for the quadratic equations i.e. negative solution was not dealt by him.

```
> Indians were the first to systematically investigate methods for
    determination of integral solutions of the Diophantine equations.
\(>\) Diophantus had actually investigated solutions in rational numbers(not integers)
\(>\) Rational solutions of equations are of considerable geometric interest.
\(>\) For homogeneous equations, the two problems are equivalent; but, in general, the problem of finding integer solutions to an equation is much more difficult than that of finding rational solutions.
\(>\) For example, it is trivial to describe all rational solutions of a linear equation \(a x-b y=c(a, b, c\) integers \()\); Whereas to describe all integer solutions requires some effort.
```


# While Diophantus was interested in finding one rational solution, Indians investigated all integral solutions of Diophantine equations of first and second degree 

By fifth century AD, the Indians had discovered a general method for the solution of the first degree Diophantine equation in two variables.

No general method is as yet known for solving general quadratic or higher Diophantine equations.
> The work of ancient Indian Mathematician never stopped it continued relentlessly with further working and finding solution of linear, quadratic, simultaneous equations.
> They further went in search of treatment for indeterminate equations to solve their unknown variables in astronomical problems.
> The analysis of indeterminate equation is considered to be very important search in the field of Mathematics by Hindu Mathematician.
> Many Mathematicians including Aryabhata-II (950AD/1500 AD) and Bhaskara-II(1114 AD -1200 AD) have inculcated the treatment of indeterminate equation in their work.

## Introduction


-Equations with integer coefficients whose solutions are to be found in integers are called Dophantine equations in the honour of Diophantus of Alexandria (250AD)
$>$ The adjective 'Diophantine' pertains not so much to the nature of the equations as to the nature of the admissible solutions of the equation.
$>$ Problems in Diophantine equations are easy to state but usually hard to solve.
$>$ The difficulty arises due to the stringent restriction of admitting only integer solution.
$>$ Often it is difficult to ascertain whether an integer solution exists or not
Ex. An extreme example is the famous Diophantine equation for arbitrary $n(>2)$

$$
x^{n}+y^{n}=z^{n}
$$

## Introduction

- However the credit of being pioneer in finding the solution of indeterminate equation goes back to Aryabhata-I by the method called Kuttaka meaning Pulverizer i.e. to get solution by breaking into smaller fragments.
> One of the commentator of Aryabhata-I (499 AD), Devaraja has entitled the work of treatment of this topic as Kuttakara Siromani.
- The indeterminate analysis of the first degree is known by different names including Kuttaka, Kuttakara, Kuttikara, Kutta etc.
, Kuttaka and Kuttakara are the terms used by commentator of Aryabhatiya, Brahmagupta ( 628 AD) used Kuttaka, Kuttakara and Kutta while Kuttikara is the term used by Mahavira.
> Kutta, Kuttaka, Kuttakara and Kuttikara are all Sanskrit words which is derived from the root Kutt which symbolizes to crush, to grind or to pulverize.

The search for getting better solution for indeterminate equation started by Aryabhata -I ( 476 AD - 550 AD) and further work was carried by different Mathematician like Brahmagupta ( 628 AD), Bhaskara-I (629AD) and Bhaskara-II (114-1200AD), Aryabhata-II (950/1500 AD), Mahavira etc.


(476AD-550 AD)


Bhaskara II (AD. 1114-1185)

Linear Diophantine Equation
The simplest type of Diophantine equation that we shall consider is the linear Diophantine equation in two unknown:

## A linear Diophantine equation of two variables is $a x+b y=c$.

where $a, b, c$ are given integers and $a, b$ are not both zero.

## Indeterminate Equations

An indeterminate equation of the form

$$
b y-a x=c
$$

Can be expressed as congruence equation of the form By

$$
b y \equiv c \bmod b
$$

i.e. linear congruence equation.

## An indeterminate equation of the form

$$
a x^{2}+c=b y
$$

can be expressed as quadratic congruence equation of the form

$$
a x^{2} \equiv c \bmod b
$$

Indeterminate Equations - difficulty in solving
*Following two peculiar properties of these indeterminate equations makes difficult to solve them

- The number of equation is less than the number of unknown variables.
> The indeterminate equation has no unique solution they have many finite solutions.


## Methods of Solution

> One of the methods followed in modern Mathematics for solving indeterminate equation is Euclidean algorithm which is described by Greek Mathematician Euclid in his work Elements in 300BC.
> The Euclidean algorithm involves continues diving and collecting reminders.

- Centuries later the same type of algorithm was discovered independently in India as well as in China without getting any references to the previous work of Euclid to solve indeterminate equation or Diophantine equation that arose in astronomical problems and for precise calendar making.
> In India Aryabhata had used same type of algorithm i.e. Pulverizer algorithm or Kuttaka algorithm to solve the indeterminate equation, which was very effective to solve this type of equations.
> At the same period Chinese Mathematician Su Tzu also came up with the Chinese Reminder theorem to solve congruence equation.


## Distinction between Euclid and Kuttaka algorithm

## Both follows the successive division and reminder collection method but they both

 are independent of each otherEuclid's Method

1. After completing the continuous division method follows backtrack method to find solution
2. Made use of reminder to get the solution.

Aryabhata Kuttaka Method

1. Quotients were arranged in the columnar form and reduced one by one.
2. Given importance to quotients and made use of it to solve the indeterminate, equation
> Aryabhata in Aryabhatiya has taken the indeterminate equation of the form $b y-a x=c$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are integral values.
> His disciple Bhaskara-I has also followed the same method of solving as of Aryabhata but the equation taken was by $-\mathrm{ax}=-\mathrm{c}$.
> Brahmagupta also adopted the same method of Aryabhata and Bhaskara.
> Aryabhata-II also used the same method with some minor improvements.

## Categorization of Indeterminate Equations

The problems which were taken up by early Indian Mathematicians can be categorized into following categories
Category-I : Indeterminate equation of first degree of the form $b y-a x= \pm c$
Category-II : Indeterminate equation of first degree of the form $b y+a x= \pm c$
Category-III: Indeterminate equation of first degree of the form $\frac{a x \pm r}{b}=y$
Category-IV: Indeterminate quadratic equation of the type $N x^{2} \pm c=y^{2}$
Category-V: Simultaneous Indeterminate quadratic equation of type

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x \pm a=y^{2} \\
& x \pm b=z^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

> Aryabhata is probably the first Mathematician to come up with the solution of indeterminate equation.
> In his 'Aryabhatiya' (verses 32 and 33 of the section Ganita) he gives the method of finding the solution of positive integers of the simple indeterminate equation of the type $b y-a x=c \quad$ where $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c are integrgal values

Sutra : Aryabhatia:II-32-33

## English Translation of Aryabhatiya - II 32-33

> Divide the divisor which is corresponding to the larger remainder (a) by the divisor which is corresponding to smaller (b).The residue and the divisor which is corresponding to the smaller remainder is mutually divided until the remainder becomes zero.

* The last residue (rl) is multiplied by an optional integer and then added or subtracted by the remainder difference i.e. ' $c$ '. Added if the quotient number after the sequence of division is even and subtracted if the quotient number is odd.
- Now place all the quotients which are found after sequence of division one below the other in columnar form, below that place the result which is obtained and then the integer.
- Below number is multiplied by the number above and added by the number below it.
* Divide the last number (which is obtained by doing so repeatedly) by divisor which is corresponding to smaller remainder then multiply the residue by the divisor which corresponding to the greater reminder and add the greater remainder. The result which is obtained is the number corresponding to two divisors.


## Problem :

Let the linear indeterminate equation be $109 x+4=93 y$
Aim is to find $n=109 x+10=93 y+6$
Where $a=109=$ divisor corresponding to greater remainder.
Aimis to find $n=109 x+10=93 y+6$.
Where $a=109=$ divisor corresponding to greater remainder
$R_{1}=10=$ greater remainder.
$b=93=$ divisor corresponding to smaller remainder.
$R_{2}=6=$ smaller remainder .

Step - I

* Divide the divisor which is corresponding to the larger remainder (a) by the divisor which is corresponding to smaller remainder (b). The residue and the divisor which is corresponding to the smaller remainder is mutually divided until the remainder becomes zero.


## 93) 109 ( 1

93
16) 93 (5

80
13) $16(1$

13
3) $13(4$

12

1

## Step - II

- The last residue (r1) is multiplied by an optional integer and then added or subtracted by the remainder i.e. ' $c$ '. Added if the quotient number after the sequence of division is even and subtracted if the quotient number is odd.


## 93) $109(1$

93
16) 93 (5

80
13) $16(1$

13
3) $13(4$

12
$1 \times 7-4=3) 3(1$
3

0
Where 7 is an optional integer and 4 is difference of remainder

## Step - III

> Now place all the quotients which are found after sequence of division one below the other in columnar form and below that the result which is obtained and the integers are placed.

1
5
1
4
7 optional integer
1

```
Step - IV
```

* Below number is multiplied by the number above and added by the number below it.

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 245 (1 $\times 209+36)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | $209{ }_{(5 \times 36+29)}$ | 209 |
| 1 | 1 | 36 (1x29+7) |  | x |
| 4 | 29 (1×29+7) | 29 | x | x |
| 7 | 7 | x | x | X |
| 1 | x | X | X | X |

## Step - V

- Divide the last number (which is obtained by doing so repeatedly) by divisor which is corresponding to smaller remainder then multiply the residue by the divisor which is corresponding to the greater remainder and add the greater remainder. The result which is obtained is the number corresponding to two divisors.
> Divide the last number (209) by divisor corresponding to smaller remainder (93) and get the remainder i.e. $209=93 \times 2+23$

》 There fore Residue $=$ Remainder $=23$

- Multiply the residue (23) by divisor corresponding to greater remainder (109) and add by greater remainder (10).

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{n} & =23 \times 109+10 \\
& =2507+10 \\
& =2517
\end{aligned}
$$

The number corresponding to two divisor is 2517
> Bhaskara I also followed the same method of Aryabhata to solve Kuttaka but his intension was not to get the value of ' $n$ ' rather to find the value of $x$ and $y$.

* Bhaskara I steps were similar to Aryabhata steps till step-IV, after that in step-V he divided the first number i.e. 245 with divisor corresponding to greater remainder (109) to get the remainder which is the value of $y$.
i.e. $y=\operatorname{remainder}(245 / 109)=27$
> The second remainder i.e. 209 is divided with the divisor corresponding to smaller remainder i.e. 93 and the remainder arrived at is the value of $x$.
i.e. $x=$ remainder $(209 / 93)=23$.


## General Description of the Method

. The above sutra is basically the working to find the solution of indeterminate equation.
> The problem can be described in the following ways:
Aim is to find a number ' $n$ ' which is divided by two numbers a and $b$ and which will leave two remainder R1 and R2 i.e. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{qx}+\mathrm{R} 1=\mathrm{by}+\mathrm{R} 2$
Where R 1 is larger remainder and a is divisor connected to large remainder,
R 2 is smaller remainder and b is a divisor related to smaller remainder.
Let $\mathrm{c}=$ difference between R 1 and R 2 , c has to be positive which give rise to two cases

| Case-I: If $R 1>R 2$, then $a x+R 1=b y+R 2$ | Case-II:If $R 1<R 2$, then $a x+R 1=b y+R 2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $b y-a x=R 1-R 2$ | $a x-b y=R 2-R 1$ |
| $b y-a x=c$ | $a x-b y=c$ |
| $b y=a x+c$ | $a x=b y+c$ |

- Continuing with the case-I. If R1>R2 then to solve the equation by $=$ $a x+c$ where $a$ and $b$ are prime to each other.
b) a ( $q$
bq
ri) b(q1
r1q1
r2) $\mathbf{r 1}$ ( $\mathbf{q}_{2}$ $\mathrm{r}_{2} \mathbf{q}_{2}$
r3
rm-1) rm-2 (qm-1

$\mathbf{r m}_{\mathrm{m}}+1$
Note: when $\mathbf{a}<b$ then $\mathbf{q}=0 \quad \mathrm{r} 1=\mathrm{a}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a=b q+r_{1} \\
& b=r_{1} q_{1}+r_{2} \\
& r_{1}=r_{2} q_{2}+r_{3} \\
& r_{2}=r_{3} q_{3}+r_{4} \\
& \ldots . . \\
& r_{m-2}=r_{m-1} q_{m-1}+r_{m} \\
& r_{m-1}=r_{m} q_{m}+r_{m+1}
\end{aligned}
$$

Consider by $=a x+c$ put $a=b q+r_{1}$
Then $b y=\left(b q+r_{1}\right) x+c$

$$
\begin{aligned}
b y & =b q x+r_{1} x+c \\
y & =q x+\frac{r_{1}}{b} x+\frac{c}{b} \\
y & =q x+y_{1}
\end{aligned}
$$

Where $y_{1}=\frac{r_{1}}{b} x+\frac{c}{b}$

$$
b y_{1}=r_{1} x+c
$$

Now consider by $y_{1}=r_{1} x+c$ put $b=r_{1} q_{1}+r_{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(r_{1} q_{1}+r_{2}\right) y_{1}=r_{1} x+c \\
& r_{1} x=r_{1} q_{1} y_{1}+r_{2} y_{1}-c \\
& x=q_{1} y_{1}+\frac{r_{2}}{r_{1}} y_{1}-\frac{c}{r_{1}} \\
& x=q_{1} y_{1}+x_{1}
\end{aligned}
$$

Where $x_{1}=\frac{r_{2}}{r_{1}} y_{1}-\frac{c}{r_{1}}$

$$
r_{1} x_{1}=r_{2} y_{1}-c
$$

Now consider $r_{1} x_{1}=r_{2} y_{1}-c$ put $r_{1}=r_{2} q_{2}+r_{3}$ $\left(r_{2} q_{2}+r_{3}\right) x_{1}=r_{2} y_{1}-c$ $y_{1}=q_{2} x_{1}+y_{2}$
where $y_{2}=\frac{r_{3}}{r_{2}} x_{1}+\frac{c}{r_{2}}$

$$
r_{2} y_{2}=r_{3} x_{1}+c
$$

And so on ....

Write the above equation in columnar form to get
$1 \quad y=q x+y_{1} \quad b y_{1}=r_{1} x+c$
$2 \quad x=q_{1} y_{1}+x_{1} \quad r_{1} x_{1}=r_{2} y_{1}-c$
$3 \quad y_{1}=q_{2} x_{1}+y_{2} \quad r_{2} y_{2}=r_{3} x_{1}+c$
$4 \quad x_{1}=q_{3} y_{2}+x_{2} \quad r_{3} x_{2}=r_{4} y_{2}-c$
$5 \quad y_{2}=q_{4} x_{2}+y_{3} \quad r_{4} y_{3}=r_{5} x_{2}+c$
6

$$
x_{2}=q_{5} y_{3}+x_{3} \quad r_{5} x_{3}=r_{4} y_{3}-c
$$

....................................

| $2 n$ | $x_{n-1}=q_{2 n-1} y_{n}+x_{n}$ | $r_{2 n-1} x_{n}=r_{2 n} y_{n}-c$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2 n+1$ | $y_{n}=q_{2 n} x_{n}+y_{n+1}$ | $r_{2 n} y_{n+1}=r_{2 n+1} x_{n}+c$ |

Now this continuos can be continued to the finish or stop after getting a certain number of quotients

Case - A: (Assume that the division is continued till zero remainder is obtained) In this case since a and b are coprime the remainder at the end will be unity
If the quotient number is even then $r_{2 n}=1 r_{2 n+1}=0, q_{2 n}=r_{2 n-1}$
then the equation equation II $2 n$ and I $2 n+1$ from the above table will reduce to

$$
\begin{aligned}
& r_{2 n-1} x_{n}=r_{2 n} y_{n}-c \\
\therefore & q_{2 n} x_{n}=1 . y_{n}-c \\
\therefore & y_{n}=q_{2 n} x_{n}+c
\end{aligned}
$$

From I $2 n+1$
$y_{n}=q_{2 n} x_{n}+y_{n+1}$
Put the value of $y_{n}=q_{2 n} x_{n}+y_{n+1}$ in equation $I .2 n+1$
$q_{2 n} x_{n}+c=q_{2 n} x_{n}+y_{n+1}$
$\therefore y_{n+1}=c$
Take any arbitrary int egral value for $x_{n}$ say $u$, by putting the value of $x_{n}=u$ and $y_{n+1}=c$ in equation $I .2 n+1$, get the value of $y_{n}$ in equation $I .2 n+1$ get the value of $x_{2 n+1}$ and $y_{n}$ in equationI. $2 n+1$ get $y_{n-1}$.

Continueing in this manner $u \sin g$ backward substitution method, $x$ and $y$ value can be found.

If the quotient number is odd then $r_{2 n-1}=1, r_{2 n}=0, q_{2 n-1}=r_{2 n-2}$ thenequation II. $2 n-1$ and I.2n fron the table will reduce to

$$
x_{n-1}=q_{2 n-1} y_{n}-c
$$

From I.2n we get $x_{n}=-c$
Then by back substitition by putting arbitrary value $v$ for $y_{n}$ weget the values of $x$ and $y$.

Case-B: Assume the sequence of division procedure is stopped after getting even or odd number of quotients
> If the quotient number is even then the equation II. $2 \mathrm{n}+1$ reduce to

$$
\begin{aligned}
& r_{2 n} y_{n+1}=r_{2 n+1} x_{n}+c \\
& \therefore y_{n+1}=\frac{r_{2 n+1} x_{n}+c}{r_{2 n}}
\end{aligned}
$$

Take any arbitrary value $x_{n}=s$
$\therefore y_{n+1}=\frac{r_{2 n+1} s+c}{r_{2 n}}=$ cons tan $t$ number
Put the value of $x_{n}$ an $y_{n}$ in equation I. $2 n$ to get
the value of $x_{n-1}$. continue the process to get ultimately the value of $x$ and $y$.

If $x=\alpha$ and $y=\beta$ is the least int egral solution of $a x+c=b y$ then $a \alpha+c=b \beta$.
$\therefore a \alpha+c=b \beta$
Add both side with abq where $q$ is any int eger.
$\therefore a \alpha+c+a b q=b \beta+a b q$
$\therefore a(\alpha+b q)+c=b(\beta+a q)$
Comparing with $a x+c=$ by get $x+\alpha+b q$ and $y=\beta+b q$.
But by previous calculations $x=q_{1} y_{1}+x_{1}$
$\therefore q_{1} y_{1}+x_{1}=\alpha+\beta q$
Whichimplies $\alpha$ is a remainder when $b$ divides $q_{1} y_{1}+x_{1}$
thus $\alpha$ is min imum of $x$
$\therefore$ Minimum value of $n=a x+R_{1}$ is $n=a \alpha+R_{1}$
Similarly for case II, i.e. for $a x=b y+c$
one can easily find that $\beta$ is min imum of $y$ and min imum value of $n=b y+R_{2}$ is $n=b \beta+R_{2}$

## Pulverizer Algorithm or Kuttaka Algorithm

Following steps are involved in Pulverizer algorithm:
Step-I: Let the equation be $b y=a x+c$ where $a, b$ and $c$ arecoefficients of unknown variables $x$ and $y$ and $c$ is the difference of remainder
Step-II: Apply continuous division process on $b y=a x+c$ repeat this for even number of quotient.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
a=b q_{1}+r_{1} & \\
& b=r_{1} q_{2}+r_{2} \\
& r_{1}=r_{2} q_{3}+r_{3} \\
& r_{2}=r_{3} q_{4}+r_{4} \\
& \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \\
& r_{2 n-2}=r_{2 n-1} q_{2 n}+r_{2 n}
\end{array}
$$

Step-III: The last residue ( $r_{2 n}$ ) obtained by the reciprocal division after an even number of quotient has been obtained is multiplied by optional integer and the product is added with difference of remainder (c) i.e. $\left(r_{2 n} \times A\right)+c=r_{2 n-1}$ where $A$ is selected in such a way that the output received after multiplying with $\mathrm{r}_{2 \mathrm{n}}$ and then adding this product with c is $\mathrm{r}_{2 \mathrm{n}-1}$ or exactly equal to the dividend of that step.
Step-IV: Number obtained in step-II exactly divides the dividend to give remainder zero and quotient one. Let this quotient be $q_{2 n-1}$
Step-V: Arrange all the quotient up to $q_{2 n}$ in vertical order

$$
\begin{aligned}
& q_{1} \\
& q_{2} \\
& q_{3} \\
& . . \\
& . . \\
& q_{2 n}
\end{aligned}
$$

Pulverizer Algorithm or Kuttaka Algorithm
Step-VI: After $q_{2 n}$ put optional integer in vertical order and finally the quotient obtained at the stage i.e. one, hence the list of quotient obtained is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& q_{1} \\
& q_{2} \\
& q_{3} \\
& . \cdot \\
& . \cdot \\
& q_{2 n} \\
& p_{0} \\
& q_{2 n+1}
\end{aligned}
$$

Step-VI: Now proceed from lower term to upper term by the penultimate multiply the term just above it and then add to the lower term. Repeat this process till two terms are remaining

| $q_{1}$ | $q_{1}$ | $q_{1}$ | ... | $q_{1}$ | $p_{2 n}=q_{1} \times p_{23-1}+p_{2 n-2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $q_{2}$ | $q_{2}$ | $q_{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \cdots \\ & \cdot \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $q_{2 n-1}=q_{2 n 21} \times p_{2 n-2}+p_{2 n-3}$ | $p_{2 n-1}$ |
| $q_{3}$ | $q_{3}$ | $q_{3}$ | ... | $p_{2 n-2}$ |  |
|  |  | $=q_{2 n-1} \times p_{1}+p_{0}$ |  | ----- | ---- |
| $q_{2 n} q_{2 n-1} q_{z n} p^{\prime}$ | $p_{1}=q_{2 n} \times p_{0}+q_{2 n+1}$ | $p_{1}$ |  | ----- | $\cdots$ |
| $p_{0}$ | $p_{0}$ |  |  | --- | --- |
| 920 | po | --- |  | --- | --- |
| $q_{12 n+1}=1$ | $\cdots$ | --- |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |

Pulverizer Algorithm or Kuttaka Algorithm
Step-VII: Calculate x and y where x is equal to remainder of the second term ( $p_{2 n-1}$ ) divide by divisor (b) i.e. Remainder of ( $\left(\frac{p_{2 n-1}}{h}\right.$ ) and y is equal to remainder of first term $\left(p_{2 n}\right)$ divide by a i.e. Remainder of $\left(\frac{p_{2 n}}{a}\right)$.

## Kuttaka and Continued Fractions

> Continued fractions is an useful topic in number theory. Incedentally, Ramanujan had a phenomenal mastery of continued fractions.
> The Kuttaka may be interpreted as a technique in the theory of continued fractions
> In fact Aryabhata's formulation $y=\underline{b x+c}$ and method of solution strongly suggests that the discovery of kittaka algorithm was preceded by discovery of the basic principles of continued fractions.
> Knowledge of continued fractions is even more apparent in some of the later Indian works.
> In the original Kuttaka of Aryabhata, after obtaining the quantities $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots . a_{n}$ one computes quantities $x_{n}, x_{n-1}$, in the backwards direction.

Brahmagupta Methods for treatment of various types of indeterminate equations:
> Brahmagupta in his Brahmsphuta Siddhanta gives the solution of different types of indeterminate equations
, Indeterminate equations of first degree
, One linear equation with two unknowns
> One linear equation with more than two unknowns
, Quadratic equation with two unknowns
. Simultaneous quadratic equation with two unknowns

# Theorem(a): <br> The Diophantine equation $a x+b y=c$ has a solution if and only if $\mathrm{d} \mid \mathrm{c}$, where $d=\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)$. If $x 0, y 0$ is is any particular solution of this equation, then all other solutions are given by $x=x 0+(b / d) t, y=y 0-(a / d) t$ <br> where $t$ is an arbitrary 

The following theorems have been in the proof of above theorem

Theorem (b):
Let $a$ and $b$ be integers, not both zero. Then $a$ and $b$ are relatively prime if and only if there exist integers $x$ and $y$ such that $1=a x+b y$.

Theorem(c):
If $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)=d$, then $\operatorname{gcd}(a / d, b / d)=1$. There exist relatively prime integers $r$ and $s$ such that $a=d r, b=d s$

## Particular solution:

$$
x_{0}=(c / d) s \text { and } \quad y_{0}=(c / d) t
$$

## Note

## General solutions:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=x_{0}+k(b / d) \text { and } y=y_{0}-k(a / d) \\
& \text { where } k \text { is an integer }
\end{aligned}
$$

2.47

## - Diophantine Equation Continued Example 2.12

Find the particular and general solutions to the equation $21 x+14 y=35$.

Solution

Particular: $x_{0}=5 \times 1=5$ and $y_{0}=5 \times(-1)=-5$
General: $x=5+k \times 2$ and $y=-5-k \times 3$

For example, imagine we want to cash a Rs. 100 check and get some Rs. 20 and some Rs. 5 bills.
We have many choices, which we can find by solving the corresponding Diophantine equation $20 x+5 y=100$.
Since $d=\operatorname{gcd}(20,5)=5$ and $5 \mid 100$, the equation has an infinite number of solutions, but only a few of them are acceptable in this case
The general solutions
with $x$ and $y$ nonnegative are
$(0,20),(1,16),(2,12),(3,8),(4,4),(5,0)$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Among the quadratic equations, the most famous are } \\
& \text { the special equations of the form } \\
& \qquad x^{2}-D y^{2}=1 \\
& \text { known as the Pell equation, for which Indians had } \\
& \text { evolved a brilliant algorithm during the } 7^{\text {th }}-11^{\text {th }} \\
& \text { century AD. } \\
& \text { Systematic investigation of integral solutions began in } \\
& \text { Europe only in the } 17^{\text {th }} \text { century when interest in } \\
& \text { number theory was rekindled with the publication of } \\
& \text { Bachet's translation of Diophantus with a commentary. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Fermat was simply asserting that, if $\mathrm{n}>2$, then the Diophantine equation

$$
x^{n}+y^{n}=z^{n}
$$

has no solution in the integers, other than the trivial solutions in which at least one of the variables is zero.

The above theorem is also known as Fermat's conjecture.


This 1670 edition of Diophantus' Arithmetica inclu des Fermat's infamous note along with the original text. Translated, it reads: "It is impossible for a cube to be the sum of two cubes, a fourth power to be the sum of two fourth powers, or in general for any number that is a power greater than the second to be the sum of two like powers. I have discovered a truly marvelous demonstration of this proposition that this margin is too narrow to contain."
$>$ By 1992, Fermat's conjucture was known to be true for exponent up to 4000000 .
$>$ In 1993, it appeared that the final breakthrough had been made. At the conclusion of 3 days of lectures in Cambridge, U.K., Andrew Wiles of Princeton University stunned his colleagues by announcing that he could favorably resolve Fermat's conjecture.
$>$ His proposed proof take 7 years to prepare, was an artful blend of many sophisticated techniques developed by other mathematicians only within the preceding decade.
$>$ The key insight was to link equations of the kind proposed by Fermat with the much-studied theory of elliptic curves; i.e., curves determined by cubic polynomials of the form $y^{2}=x^{3}+a x+b \quad$, where a and b are integers.

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## Thank You




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(گलలをఉङ) - భారహ

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To

## Dr. N. B. Naduvinamani

Professor, Department of Mathematics
Gulbarga University
Kalaburagi

## Respected Sir,

We the faculty, students and participants from various Colleges feel proud to Place on record our deep sense of gratitude to you as a Resource Person for one day National Webinar on "RECENT ADVANCES IN MATHEMATICS" held on $11^{\text {th }}$ June 2020, organized by Department of Mathematics, Sharanabasaveshwar College of Science, Kalaburagi under the Initiatives of IQAC.

Thanking you,

Yours Sincerely,



## Sharnbasveshwar

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Estd, 1956


## జరణణబశకజేల్జర

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[^0]Institutions Run by Centenary Celebrated Shambesveshwar Vidya Varchak Sangha, Kalaburag Shambasva University, Kalaburagi

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## To

## Dr. Sunilkumar Hosamani

Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics
Rani Channamma University,
Belagavi.

## Respected Sir,

We the faculty, students and participants from various Colleges feel proud to Place on record our deep sense of gratitude to you as a Resource Person for one day National Webinar on "RECENT ADVANCES IN MATHEMATICS" held on $11^{\text {th }}$ June 2020, organized by Department of Mathematics, Sharanabasaveshwar College of Science, Kalaburagi under the Initiatives of IQAC.

## Thanking you,

## Yours Sincerely,



## Dept. of Mathematics, Sharnabasaveshwara College of Science, B.Sc. Vth Semester DSE.

Publish analytics

Name of the Student

215 recnoncec

Pooja

Samiksha sk

Deepak kumar

Vinod

Manjunat

Bhagyalaxmi

Basavara

Bhagyashre

Apoorva

## Gender

## 215 recnnncec



## Examination Register Number

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B. Sc Fifth Semester Discipline Elective contains three papers. select any one as a core subject.

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## Goog|Form

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Timestamp } \\ 9 / 2 / 2020 & 16: 23: 38 \\ 9 / 2 / 2020 \quad 16: 24: 34 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Email Address sachinsonu850@gmail.com shivaleelagyargol@gmail.com | Name of the Student Sachin chavan Shivaleela G Y | Gender <br> Male <br> Female | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Examination Register } \mathrm{Nu} \\ 91949787 \\ 91949796 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | B. Sc Fifth Semester Discipline Elective cont BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I <br> BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | Mobile Number <br> 803359196 <br> 9380652388 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9/8/2020 15:22:00 | 767deepak@gmail.com | Deepak kumar | Male | 91949737 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 [1] | 9480636223 |
| 9/2/2020 16:25:30 | nhonagond@gmail.com | Naveen | Male | 91949770 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9886454024 |
| 9/2/2020 16:25:46 | ashus194329@gmail.com | Ashwini Somashekhar | Female | 91949847 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7349396255 |
| 9/2/2020 16:26:30 | positiveswatill@gmail.com | Swati R Biradar | Female | 91949822 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6362074050 |
| 9/2/2020 16:27:14 | devangaonashwini@gmail.com | Ashwini | Female | 91949726 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9980150909 |
| 9/2/2020 16:27:30 | niruhindoddi1234@gmail.com | NIRANJAN R HINDODDI | Male | 91949981 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7795779886 |
| 9/2/2020 16:27:31 | neelupatil08313@gmail.com | Laxmi. J. S | Female | 91949758 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9632695231 |
| 9/2/2020 16:28:53 | koanguttisamiksha@gmail.com | Samiksha s k | Female | 91949789 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7022338717 |
| 9/2/2020 16:29:20 | ahganesh0@gmail.com | Ganesh A H | Male | 91949740 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9353538154 |
| 9/2/2020 16:29:30 | devarajbiradar696@gmail.com | Devaraj Biradar | Male | 91949738 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8147309726 |
| 9/2/2020 16:29:34 | priyankasonawane9353@gmail.com | Priyanka R Sonawane | Female | 91950024 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 6360682601 |
| 9/2/2020 16:30:05 | shivanandbingoli@gmail.com | Soumyashree S B | Female | 91950026 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8147136566 |
| 9/2/2020 16:30:08 | vinayakguttedar0@gmail.com | Vinayak Guttedar | Male | 91949900 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9980928896 |
| 9/2/2020 16:30:46 | rachayyashivanand@gmail.com | Rachayya S Hiremath | Male | 91950037 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7411710809 |
| 9/2/2020 16:31:09 | tejashwinidm2000@gmail.com | Tejashwini.D.M | Female | 91949897 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8088202512 |
| 9/2/2020 16:31:12 | aishupanagaon2000@gmail.com | Aishwarya S P | Female | 91949715 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9901300765 |
| 9/2/2020 16:31:30 | vijayeendrajoshi506@gmail.com | Vijayeendra Joshi | Male | 91950042 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9380825559 |
| 9/2/2020 16:31:31 | anusuyavishwa@gmail.com | Sneha IB | Female | 91950030 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9740570210 |
| 9/2/2020 16:31:50 | gunduraogola@gmail.com | Nagaveni s | Female | 91949767 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9535033666 |
| 9/2/2020 16:32:19 | poojajaladi778@gmail.com | Pooja r.j | Female | 91950028 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7899540481 |
| 9/2/2020 16:32:26 | mashaqnadaf2000@gmail.com | MASHAQ | Male | 91949765 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 9535833047 |
| 9/2/2020 16:32:41 | archanarshrichand09@gmail.com | Arachana Ravindra | Female | 91950006 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9148935221 |
| 9/2/2020 16:32:45 | sanketkumar7799@gmail.com | Sanketkumar | Male | 91949791 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9686651430 |
| 9/2/2020 16:32:49 | sumanchavan07@gmail.com | Suman chavan | Female | 91949814 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9663711750 |
| 9/2/2020 16:33:20 | vaishnavijoshi93870@gmail.com | Vaishnavi joshi | Female | 91950078 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8861382528 |
| 9/2/2020 16:33:27 | shwetamadari48@gmail.com | Shweta | Female | 91949804 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7760460442 |
| 9/2/2020 16:33:59 | pramodinimudkan@gmail.com | Pramodini V Mudkan | Female | 91949869 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7411724579 |
| 9/2/2020 16:33:59 | babusaradagi@gmail.com | Babu | Male | 91949727 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9739898660 |
| 9/2/2020 16:34:58 | geetasariapur223@gmail.com | Geeta sarjapur | Female | 91949743 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7411176895 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:13 | jayashreeangadi34@gmail.com | Jayashree R Angadi | Female | 91950053 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8310800727 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:15 | brunda.h03@gmail.com | BRUNDA HIREMATH | Female | 91949730 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8951907792 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:23 | anushakalshetty4646@gmail.com | Anusha S Kalshetty | Female | 91950047 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8861612950 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:31 | soumyakambalimath61@gmail.com | Soumya S K | Female | 91949810 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9113696971 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:45 | snehasanjeev798@gmail.com | Sneha Sanjeev | Female | 91949809 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9071094598 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:51 | sumapatilpatil473@gmail.com | Sumalata | Female | 91950017 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9380093313 |
| 9/2/2020 16:35:56 | sindhupolicepatil1999@gmail.com | Sindhu policepatil | Female | 91949806 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7760645132 |
| 9/2/2020 16:37:22 | nagaratnavmetri2000@gmail.com | Nagaratna $V$ Metri | Female | 91949990 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9606332209 |
| 9/2/2020 16:37:36 | rashmirj973@gmail.com | RASHMI | Female | 91949786 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9353864906 |
| 9/2/2020 16:38:12 | sonyragho4467@gmale.com | Shreedevi | Female | 91949811 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 6362960064 |
| 9/2/2020 16:38:20 | vandanakatke01@gmail.com | Vandana | Female | 91949826 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363521225 |
| 9/2/2020 16:38:32 | sapnamanohar 1234@gmail.com | Sapna Manohar kumbar | Female | 91949792 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8277144671 |
| 9/2/2020 16:38:35 | anjalisk286@gmail.com | Anjali | Female | 1949975 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9480998819 |
| 9/5/2020 13:22:01 | shrinivaspoojarishrinivas@gmail.com | Shrinivas Poojari | Male | 91949800 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 6362161416 |
| 9/2/2020 16:39:01 | sunitakalshetty780@gmail.com | Sunita Kalshetty | Female | 91949894 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9019536660 |
| 9/2/2020 16:39:18 | laxmigogi2000@gmail.com | Mahalaxmi.R.Gogi | Female | 91949863 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8310825197 |
| 9/2/2020 16:39:41 | snehapanagaon@gmail.com | Sneha N Panagaon | Female | 91949808 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9108141131 |
| 9/2/2020 16:39:44 | shwetaaloor8845@gmail.com | Shweta J Aloor | Female | 91949803 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363558845 |
| 9/2/2020 16:39:52 | reddycm913@gmail.com | Mamata | Female | 91949762 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9108413459 |
| 9/2/2020 16:40:07 | nagaraj 12 uppin@gmail.com | Nagaraj s | Male | 91949865 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6361936965 |
| 9/2/2020 16:40:09 | ashwinibgodi@gmail.com | Ashwini B Godi | Female | 91949908 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8147224375 |
| 9/2/2020 16:40:45 | shreelaxmil8।@gmail.com | Shreelaxmi R S | Female | 91949996 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7625054488 |
| 9/2/2020 16:41:00 | bhagyakanalli@gmil.com | Bhagyashee k | Female | 91950034 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 7338144597 |
| 9/2/2020 16:41:01 | roopak.sk29@gmail.com | Roopa | Female | 91949878 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 6360441447 |
| 9/2/2020 16:41:05 | Jyotipattar19@gmail.com | lyoti. S. Pattar | Female | 91949747 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7619128476 |
| 9/2/2020 16:42:10 | poojagkotali95@gmail.com | Pooja | Female | 91949991 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7406512097 |
| 9/2/2020 16:42:13 | simranishath2000@gmail.com | Simra.Nishath | Female | 91949805 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9980347731 |
| 9/2/2020 16:42:29 | vinodtandur77@gamil.com | Vinod | Male | 91949901 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9663353308 |
| 9/2/2020 16:42:46 | naveenkalshetty4567@gmail.com | Naveenkumar Ashok | Male | 91950018 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363745828 |
| 9/2/2020 16:42:49 | sbhavanab@gmail.com | Bhavana B Sannur | Female | 91949853 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9880715079 |



| Timestamp | Email Address | Name of the Student | Gender | Examination Register Nu | B. Sc Fifth Semester Discipline Elective cont | Mobile Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9/2/2020 16:49:56 | laxmipadashetty I @ @mail.com | Laxmi A Padashetty | Female | 91949862 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7996239113 |
| 9/2/2020 16:51:34 | pruthvirajmaragutti@gmail.com | Pruthviraj SM | Male | 1950039 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9353516671 |
| 9/2/2020 16:51:45 | hulgerianjali 1234@gmail.com | Anjali.A.H | Female | 91949717 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9481507892 |
| 9/2/2020 16:52:11 | shivakaithapurkar@gmail.com | Ashwitha SK | Female | 91949848 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9164464749 |
| 9/2/2020 16:52:31 | tpaya1042@gmail.com | Payal suresh tiwari | Female | 91949867 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 9611809939 |
| 9/2/2020 16:52:58 | bhagyakone@gmail.com | Bhagyashree | Female | 91950052 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9686678574 |
| 9/2/2020 16:53:26 | ashivpuii@gmail.com | Aditya shivpuji | Male | 91949754 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8431495526 |
| 9/2/2020 16:53:31 | cvikasc1999@gmail.com | Vikas | Male | 91949836 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8088487246 |
| 9/2/2020 16:54:01 | supreethiremath2208@gmail.com | Supreet Hiremath | Male | 91949816 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 7349476787 |
| 9/2/2020 16:54:04 | sangubhalki0@gmail.com | Sangamesh s k | Male | 91949995 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9113020926 |
| 9/2/2020 16:54:30 | bhagya2652@gmail.com | Bhagyashree Kalashetty | Female | 91949729 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9036781441 |
| 9/2/2020 16:55:16 | prabhavatisagar21@gmail.com | Prabhavati sagar | Female | 91950056 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363099554 |
| 9/2/2020 16:55:46 | Vachanashree01@gmail.Com | Vachanashree patil | Female | 91949825 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6361318804 |
| 9/2/2020 16:56:11 | snshubhangi2@gmail.com | Shubhangi | Female | 91949988 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9980474239 |
| 9/2/2020 16:57:59 | priyankaniloor1999@gmail.com | Priyanka.K.N | Female | 91949992 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7483085161 |
| 9/2/2020 16:59:12 | tippashettybhagya@gmail.com | Bhagyashree | Female | 91949728 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363338571 |
| 9/2/2020 16:59:21 | swatibkobal@gmail.com | Bhavani Baburao | Female | 91949852 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9538299527 |
| 9/2/2020 17:00:29 | shivrajdhammure10@gmail.com | Shivraj h dhammure | Male | 91949997 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7411211681 |
| 9/2/2020 17:01:16 | shilparm62@gmail.com | Shilpa mokalaji | Female | 91949884 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9353687189 |
| 9/2/2020 17:01:18 | kaveripatil 1532001 @gmail.com | Kaveri | Female | 91949752 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9740625787 |
| 9/2/2020 17:02:06 | keertinarboli2000@gmail.com | Keerti Narboli | Female | 91949860 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9742849701 |
| 9/2/2020 17:02:08 | gumthegayatri74।@gmail.com | Gayatri k gumthe | Female | 91949741 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9591510640 |
| 9/2/2020 17:02:27 | priyakambar2000@gmail.com | Channamma haraval | Female | 91949977 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 6360716416 |
| 9/2/2020 17:02:42 | neelambikababa@gmail.com | Neelambika Prabhuling | Male | 91949771 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9886850001 |
| 9/2/2020 17:02:51 | harshitamman@gmail.com | Harshita Amman | Female | 91949858 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9380512133 |
| 9/2/2020 17:03:38 | ranichincholikar 16@gmail.com | RANI SUBHASH | Female | 91950087 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9148431593 |
| 9/2/2020 17:03:42 | ranjitambiradar@gmail.com | Ranjita Biradar | Female | 91949785 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9972057754 |
| 9/2/2020 17:04:23 | kalyankadaril414@gmail.com | Kalyan kumar B K | Male | 91949750 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9353881080 |
| 9/2/2020 17:05:54 | bharathdegaon35263@gmail.com | Bharath | Male | 91949855 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 9148392676 |
| 9/2/2020 17:06:45 | Vinaymathpati039@gmail.com | Vinay | Male | 91950059 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8970877077 |
| 9/2/2020 17:07:08 | pavitrakumaris12000@gmail.com | Pavitra Kumari | Female | 91953031 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9380955050 |
| 9/2/2020 17:07:27 | ullasr 1234@gmail.com | Ullas rachagol | Male | 91949823 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 7829041616 |
| 9/2/2020 17:08:09 | bhagyamanthale27@gmail.com | Bhagyalaxmi | Female | 91949851 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9632789448 |
| 9/2/2020 17:08:26 | usharanihk@gamil.com | Usharani hk | Female | 1950001 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9535050454 |
| 9/2/2020 17:08:29 | bhagyashreesalolli@gmail.com | Bhagyashree A S | Female | 91949850 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 6363018336 |
| 9/2/2020 17:09:00 | radhikaambulgi200@gmail.com | Shalini .Ambulgi | Female | 91949882 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 8660070359 |
| 9/2/2020 17:10:03 | shrishailitagi98@gmail.com | Shrishail | Male | 91949802 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363376761 |
| 9/2/2020 17:10:32 | sharddhapatil27@gmail.com | Shraddha | Female | 91949799 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9019274179 |
| 9/2/2020 17:11:44 | neelambikababa93@gmail.com | Neelambika Prabhuling | Female | 91949771 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9886850001 |
| 9/2/2020 17:12:47 | Vivekanandbiradar271@gmail.com | Sugnyani V Biradar | Female | 91949812 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9980957010 |
| 9/2/2020 17:13:09 | sunilsg8008@gmail.com | Sunilkumar Shivanand G | Male | 91949815 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 7353012566 |
| 9/2/2020 17:14:05 | veenashrichandriki24@gmail.com | Veenashri | Female | 91949828 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 9731464090 |
| 9/2/2020 17:14:21 | deepsbiradar50@gmail.com | Deepa Biradar | Female | 91949856 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 6360802837 |
| 9/2/2020 17:16:11 | Pramodshrigan780@gmail.com | Pramodshrigan | Male | 91949780 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 6363979022 |
| 9/2/2020 17:16:17 | bhagyamanthale27@gmail.com | Bhagyalaxmi | Female | 91949851 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9632789448 |
| 9/2/2020 17:16:18 | rohinibpandre@gmail.com | Rohini B Pandre | Female | 91949876 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9380110155 |
| 9/2/2020 17:16:18 | vinodhatti21@gmail.com | Vinod A H | Male | 91949839 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9900726234 |
| 9/2/2020 17:16:22 | harkemanju014@gmail.com | Manjunath | Male | 91949764 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7259527204 |


| 9/2/2020 17:16:34 | nageshkumabr7540@gmail.comsoumyashrigiri2@gmail.combharmanichetan@gmail.comranjusahukar99@gmail.commkharke18@gmail.com | Sai charan <br> Soumya Rajshekhar shrig <br> Chetan B <br> Ranjeeta Ravindra <br> Manjunath | Male | 91949788 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9886734139 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9/2/2020 17:16:35 |  |  | Female | 91949890 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 6362805768 |
| 9/2/2020 17:20:18 |  |  | Male | 91949734 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363700674 |
| 9/2/2020 17:22:46 |  |  | Female | 91949871 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7795063824 |
| 9/2/2020 17:23:02 |  |  | Male | 91949764 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7259527204 |
| 9/2/2020 17:24:07 | bharatmath797@gmail.com | Bharatkumar Math |  | 91950033 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9591355530 |
| 9/2/2020 17:25:11 | psunagar2000@gmail.com | Priya | Female | 91949993 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9740612594 |
| 9/2/2020 17:28:48 | bharatisirasgi@gmail.com | Bharati G S | Female | 91949854 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9620246222 |
| 9/5/2020 12:03:33 | shipujkt@gmail.com | Shivaputra jalakoti | Male | 91949797 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9148653679 |
| 9/2/2020 17:29:32 | nabukousarnabu@gmail.com | Nabukousar C P | Female | 91949766 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9380076727 |
| 9/2/2020 17:31:30 | apoorvavastrad456@gmail.com | Apoorva | Female | 91949720 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9113927656 |
| 9/2/2020 17:33:07 | vjlaxmik2s@gamil.com | Vijayalaxmi K | Female | 91949833 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 6362563551 |
| 9/2/2020 17:39:47 | sanjukumarkalb@gmail.com | Sanjukumar | Male | 91949790 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 9110666433 |
| 9/5/2020 18:27:02 | annaraychincholi16@gmail.com | Annaray Chincholi | Male | 91949719 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 7349684855 |
| 9/2/2020 17:48:53 | neelupatil08313@gmail.com | Neelamma Patil | Female | 91949772 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9108184205 |
| 9/2/2020 17:49:20 | sudhareddy152001@gmail.com | Sudharani.P Pavitra | Female | 91950031 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8867825229 |
| 9/2/2020 17:52:11 | poojamagi69@gmail.com | magi | Female | 91949775 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7795468779 |
| 9/2/2020 17:53:40 | shiv.margutti1717@gmail.com | Shivaraj s/o Siddanna | Male | 91949798 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9663670685 |
| 9/2/2020 17:57:14 | bheemashankarladavanthi@gmail.com | Bheemashankar | Male | 91949819 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 9901437619 |
| 9/2/2020 18:03:46 | Rathodmamata560@gmail.com | Shilpa s Rathod | Female | 91949794 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-1 | 9663069800 |
| 9/2/2020 18:05:03 | umeshpk64@gmail.com | Umesh kumbar | Male | 91949824 | BMDSE5- C. Numerical Analysis-I | 8746980093 |
| 9/2/2020 18:05:43 | ambikakamalapur212@gmail.com | Ambika E.K. | Female | 91950077 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7483777826 |
| 9/2/2020 18:08:35 | chandrikaschama@gmail.com | Chandrika s c | Female | 91947336 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9844883920 |
| 9/2/2020 18:08:4\| | Kalpanakulkarni643@gmail.com | KAVYA KULKARNI | Female | 91949755 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9901495807 |
| 9/2/2020 18:09:19 | ravihirematharavihirematha@gmail.com | Aishwarya Basavaraj | Female | 91949714 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 8050174257 |
| 9/2/2020 18:09:57 | anujaanilk2728@gmail.com | Anuja | Female | 91949845 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-1 | 7676407143 |
| 9/2/2020 18:12:2\| | Kalpanakulkarni643@gmail.com | KAVYA KULKARNI | Female | 91949755 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9901495807 |
| 9/2/2020 18:15:26 | divitahiremath2000@gmail.com | Divita Revanayya | Female | 91949739 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9886241976 |
| 9/2/2020 18:18:53 | vijaylaxmip2001@gmail.com | Vijayalaxmi Rajashekhar | Female | 91949835 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 7411277448 |
| 9/2/2020 18:19:19 | mulagelaxmi098@gmail.com | Laxmi J Mulage | Female | 91949759 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 9380360737 |
| 9/2/2020 18:21:59 | viiayalaxmisg3@gmail.com | Vijayalaxmi s guttaragi | Female | 91949834 | BMDSE5- B. Graph Theory-I | 6363175556 |

## [1] Responder updated this value.

## [2] Responder updated this value.

## [3] Responder updated this value.

[4] Responder updated this value





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